## LANGUAGE CREATES REALITY

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DESMOND Tutu

## What is DOWN SYNDROME?

Down Syndrome is a CHROMOSOMAL CONDITION that occurs when the egg and sperm meet. Each cell contains 23 pairs of chromosomes, in Down Syndrome, chromosome inumber 21 - sticks on the very first divide at the very, very beginning, it then divides in threes. It is not a disease or an illness, it is a condition or syndrome.

## Why DOWN SYNDROME?

Down Syndrome was first described by an English physician JOHN LANGDON DDWN in 1862. Hence the name Down Syndrome or Down's Syndrome. There are 3 types of Down Syndrome, the most common is also known as TRISDMY 21 (3 copies of chromosome 21).



"WE are all"

All people with Down Syndrome are INDIVIDUALS, not a 'they' or an 'other'. As humans, with or without Down Syndrome, we are all UNIQUE. It's about the human, the person, the individual.

A DOWN SYNDROME baby"

"a BABY with Down Syndrome

Rather than defining people by their disability, people-first language conveys RESPECT by emphasising the fact that people are first and foremost that - PEOPLE.

## Down Syndrome?

BUT he's got nice hair THOUGH

"he's got nice hair"

"BUT she's got beautiful eyes THOUGH"

"she's got beautiful eyes"

A compliment with 'but' or 'though' is not a compliment.

SUFFERS

from Down-

"HAS Down Syndrome"

Down Syndrome is NOT AN ILLNESS or an injury that someone 'suffers' from or is 'affected' by. It is a SYNDROME that approximately 1 in 1000 of us are born with.

La DOWNS

"a baby with DOWN SYNDROME

"a POWNS"

SYNDROME"

"A DOMNSIE"

"a baby with DOWN'S SYNDROME"

"-a baby with DOWNS"

Down Syndrome is a medical condition named after the physician who first defined it, John Langdon Down. "with a TYPICAL baby..."

When referring to the majority, it is more appropriate to use the word TYPICAL than the word NORMAL. Differentiating a child who is typical with a child who has Down Syndrome by using the word 'normal' can cause offence.

Breaking
BAD
news"

"Sharing
UNEXPECTED
news"

When unexpected news is shared, the choice of language will influence how a person hears, understands and processes it. The first moment Down Syndrome is mentioned will often stay with a parent for the rest of their lives, so it needs to be non-judgmental, accurate and fairly balanced.

"There is a high RISK your baby has Down Syndrome"

"There is a high CHANCE your baby has Down Syndrome"

"The language used during scans can have a powerful emotional impact on the parents." "It can influence how they respond to the news, and any decisions they make regarding how to move forward."

Dr Judith Johnson.